Real-Time Decision Support of Cardiovascular Parameters in Cardiac Surgery Patients: Part 1: System Architecture and Operation.

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We have previously reported, via the ARS forum, on simulation results for modelling the function of the cardiovascular system in disease and drug responses, decision support and its validation in simulation [1]: we now propose to describe the development of the associated real-time decision support system.

The Decision Support System (DSS) setup includes the LiDCO*plus* hemodynamic monitor and its data interface which allows the real-time transfer of patient data from the monitor to the host

computer. The link between the monitor and the host computer was established via a standard Ethernet cable and was based on the universal TCP/IP protocol.

The computer collects realtime beat-to-beat data from the LiDCO monitor and displays it on-screen. 'Target ranges' for the DSS (suitable parameters) are set by the clinician. which are displayed on screen. The DSS also displays real-time data in the 'haemodynamic status' box: coloured 'low', 'normal' and 'high' boxes light depending on whether the data falls within the target range or not. The DSS

Open								
TARGET RANGES				HEMODYNAMIC STATUS				
	MIN	MAX				LOW NORMAL	HIGH	INVALID
Systolic	80	140	mmHg	Systolic	mmHg			
MAP	80	100	mmHg	MAP	mmHg			
CVP	5	8	mmHg	CVP	mmHg			
SVR	800	1400	dyn.s/cm5	SVR	dyn.s/cm5			
со	4	6	1/min	CO	1/min			
HR	60	90	beats/min	HB	beats/min			
Fluid Fluid Noradren Adrenalin GTN Milrinone Dobutam	APY STATUS aline		NFUSION RA1 ml/sec mcg/kg/mi mcg/kg/mi mcg/kg/mi mcg/kg/mi	in APPLY	EXPERT Fluid [Noradrenaline] Adrenaline] GTN] Milirinone] Dobutamine]	INFUSION RATES	APPLY-	TIMING Advisor Frequency 3 sec Update Start
Dopamin	e		mcg/kg/m	n 💉	Dopamine	▼ mcg/kg/min	1	Cancel

Fig 1: Snapshot of the DSS interface on- screen

suggests the drug/fluid, and an infusion rate in the 'therapy status' box; the clinician assesses the suggestion: if he/she agrees, then he/she would click-on the syringe motif to acknowledge, and to manually adjust the syringe pump infusion rate. The infusion rate is displayed in the 'advisor infusion rate' box. This can be over-ridden by the expert inputting the desired infusion rate in the 'expert infusion rate' box should that be at variance with the DSS output. Real-time clinical data obtained from a run on one patient will be presented in Part 2 of this paper.

[1] Denaï MA, Mahfouf M, & Ross JJ, A Fuzzy Decision Support System for Therapy Administration in Cardiovascular Intensive Care Patients, *IEEE International Conference on Fuzzy Systems*, July 2007, London, England.